



DO YOU KNOW?



ANIMALS AND THE WEATHER

1

a Look at pages 4–5. Read and write the correct word on the lines. The first one has been done for you.

1 Animals stay in their *ruwbsro* in the day because it is hot. *b u r r o w s*

2 A *hcikc* is a baby bird.

3 Some animals use *atf* on their bodies when there is no food.

4 *valsee* are the green parts of plants.

5 You cannot see very well in *gfo*.

6 Birds use their *etsrfaeh* to fly.

2

a Look at pages 10–11. Write the correct word on the lines. The first one has been done for you.

It is not easy ① *to find* food or water in the desert. Sandgrouse travel ②
to find water for their chicks. They carry the water ③ their feathers. Darkling
beetles get water ④ fog. Many desert animals stay in their burrows in the day ⑤
..... it is too hot. They find food and water ⑥ night.

b Look at pages 12–13. Read the questions. Write the answers. The first one has been done for you.

1 Do camels eat or drink often? *No*

2 What do they have in their humps?

3 When do they use the fat?

4 Is the sand a problem for the camel?

5 Where does a camel have lots of hair?

6 What can it close?



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c Look at pages 14–15. Order the sentences. Write 1–6. One has been done for you.

a Now, the tadpoles can go down to the water below.

b Rain changes the nest.

c The mother tree frog makes a nest for her eggs.

d The tadpoles come out of their eggs.

e The tadpoles can swim in the water.

f Tree frogs need rain for their babies. 1

3

Work in groups. Look at pages 16–21. Write the correct word on the lines. The first one has been done for you.

caribou

chimpanzees

chipmunk

water-holding frog

emperor penguins

pikas

red fox

Arctic ground squirrels

1 It has two coats of fur to make it warm. caribou

2 It lives under the ground when there is no water.

3 It needs lots of acorns for the long winter.

4 They stay together to keep warm.

5 They stay under the snow and sleep.

6 They walk for many kilometres to find water.