

Under the Oceans Reader Answer Key



Page 45 – Activity 1

- 1 ocean
- 2 coral
- 3 jellyfish
- 4 scorpion fish

Page 46 – Activity 2

- 1 ninja shark
- 2 blue whale
- 3 giant clam
- 4 spider crab

Page 47 – Activity 3

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5

Page 48 – Activity 4

- 1 Coral is not found in **deep** water.
- 2 Many small fish live on **coral** reefs.
- 3 Coral looks like rock, but is made up of very **small** animals.
- 4 Coral is found in **clean** water.

Page 49 – Activity 5

- 1 There are lots of small animals on coral reefs, but you cannot see them!
- 2 They look like plants, so that other animals do not eat them.
- 3 Some fish can look like rocks, so that they can hide.
- 4 When other fish come near, the fish that is hiding quickly eats them!
- 5 Animals that hide on coral reefs are safe from hungry animals.

Page 50 – Activity 6

Reader's own answers

Model answers

- 1 Where can you find coral reefs?
You can find them in clean water that is not deep.
- 2 What is coral made of?
Coral is made of lots of very small animals.
- 3 Which oceans have coral reefs?
There are coral reefs in the Atlantic, Pacific, and Indian Oceans.
- 4 What lives on coral reefs?
Lots of small animals live on coral reefs.

Page 51 – Activity 7

- 1 Some fish can **look like** rocks.
- 2 When other fish come near, the fish that is **hiding** quickly eats them!
- 3 If you swim in the oceans, you **may** see jellyfish.
- 4 New animals are still **found** in the oceans.
- 5 The ninja shark **was found** in the Pacific Ocean in 2015.

Page 52 – Activity 8

- 1 If you swim away from the coral reef, you may see **jellyfish**.
- 2 Jellyfish live in all the **oceans**.
- 3 Some jellyfish have many **colors**.
- 4 Some jellyfish have got **stingers**!
- 5 Be **careful**! Jellyfish stings really hurt.

Page 53 – Activity 9

- 1 stingers
- 2 Scorpion fish
- 3 sting
- 4 Stargazer fish
- 5 Spines

Page 54 – Activity 10

- 1 b
- 2 b
- 3 b
- 4 b

Page 55 – Activity 11

- 1 Scorpion fish have very **thin** spines.
- 2 Stargazer fish have an **electric** stinger.
- 3 A giant spider crab has a **hard** shell, so other animals can't eat it easily.
- 4 The colors of the blue-ringed octopus become **bright**, and then they change!

Page 56 – Activity 12

- 1 b
- 2 e
- 3 d
- 4 a
- 5 c

Page 57 – Activity 13

These animals make light	These animals have a shell
angler fish	giant clam
ninja shark	spider crab

Page 58 – Activity 14

Reader's own answers

Model answers

- 1 This animal is a giant squid.
- 2 It has got two tentacles.
- 3 Yes, because it is very big.

Page 59 – Activity 15

Reader's own answers

Model answers

- 1 Which fish do you find at the bottom of the oceans?
There are angler fish and gulper eels at the bottom of the oceans.
- 2 What kind of water do these fish like?
They like the cold, and no light.
- 3 How are these fish different from other fish?
They look very different from other animals in the oceans, and some of them can make a bright light.

Page 60 – Activity 16

Page 61 – Activity 17

- 1 There are many problems for the animals and plants that live in the **oceans**.
- 2 We must not **catch** too many fish!
- 3 One of the biggest problems in the oceans is **garbage**.
- 4 Garbage is the things **people** don't want.
- 5 Fish eat garbage in the oceans **because** it looks good to eat.

Page 62 – Activity 18

Reader's own answers

Model answers

- 1 Why shouldn't people catch as many fish as they like?
- 2 Should people stop eating fish?
- 3 What can we do to save the oceans?

Page 63 – Activity 19

- 1 All of us can **clean** our beaches and the oceans.
- 2 We could make a **cleaning** machine like this.
- 3 This machine could **clean** the oceans. It can find garbage in the water.
- 4 If we don't start **cleaning** our oceans, our world will have many problems.